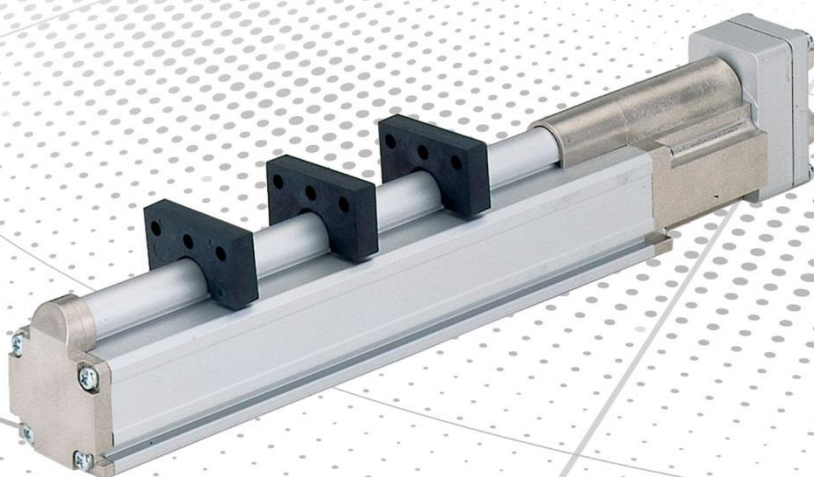


DeviceNet™

+Multi sensor

Absolute linear encoder LP-38



- Additional safety instructions
- Installation
- Commissioning
- Parameterization
- Cause of faults and remedies

User Manual

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Brand names

DeviceNet is a trademark of ODVA, Inc.

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Revision index

Revision index

Revision	Date	Index
First release	09/26/03	00
Revision of chapter "I/O Instance (polled IO) ", page 18	12/10/03	01
LA-65-H not available as multi-sensor	09/22/06	02
General technical modifications, layout modifications	08/20/07	03
New design	01/14/16	04
DeviceNet™ logo and trademark updated	03/14/16	05
Technical data removed	02/13/17	06

1 General information

This interface-specific User Manual includes the following topics:

- Safety instructions in addition to the basic safety instructions defined in the Assembly Instructions
- Installation
- Commissioning
- Parameterization
- Causes of faults and remedies

As the documentation is arranged in a modular structure, this User Manual is supplementary to other documentation, such as product datasheets, dimensional drawings, leaflets and the assembly instructions etc.

The User Manual may be included in the customer's specific delivery package or it may be requested separately.

1.1 Applicability

This User Manual applies exclusively to the following measuring system models with **CAN DeviceNet™** interface:

- LP-38

The products are labelled with affixed nameplates and are components of a system.

The following documentation therefore also applies:

- see chapter “Other applicable documents” in the Assembly Instructions
www.tr-electronic.com/f/TR-ELA-BA-DGB-0004

1.2 Abbreviations used / Terminology

CAN	C ontroller A rea N etwork (manufacturer independent, open field bus standard)
CiA	CAN in Automation (CAN User Organization, "Holding organization")
DeviceNet™	CAN protocol, defined in the Application Layer (layer 7)
DUP- MAC-ID-Test	DUPLICATE-MAC-ID-Test Checking the master for duplicates of slave MAC-IDs. Each address of the connected slaves may occur only once.
EMC	E lectro M agnetic C ompatibility
EDS	E lectronic- D ata- S heet
LP	L inear-Absolute Measuring System, type with P rofile-housing
MAC-ID	M edia A ccess C ontrol I dentifier (node address)
ODVA™	O pen D evice N et V endor A ssociation (CAN User Organization, especially for DeviceNet™)

2 Additional safety instructions

2.1 Definition of symbols and instructions



means that death or serious injury can occur if the required precautions are not met.



means that minor injuries can occur if the required precautions are not met.

NOTICE

means that damage to property can occur if the required precautions are not met.



indicates important information or features and application tips for the product used.

2.2 Additional instructions for proper use

The measurement system is designed for operation with CAN DeviceNet™ networks according to the International Standard ISO/DIS 11898 and 11519-1 up to max. 500 kbit/s.

The technical guidelines for the structure of the CAN DeviceNet™ network from the CAN User Organization ODVA™ are always to be observed in order to ensure safe operation.



Proper use also includes:

- observing all instructions in this User Manual,
 - observing the assembly instructions. The "**Basic safety instructions**" in particular must be read and understood prior to commencing work.
-

2.3 Organizational measures

- This User Manual must always be kept accessible at the site of operation of the measurement system.
- Prior to commencing work, personnel working with the measurement system must have read and understood
 - the assembly instructions, in particular the chapter "**Basic safety instructions**",
 - and this User Manual, in particular the chapter "**Additional safety instructions**".

This particularly applies for personnel who are only deployed occasionally, e.g. at the parameterization of the measurement system.

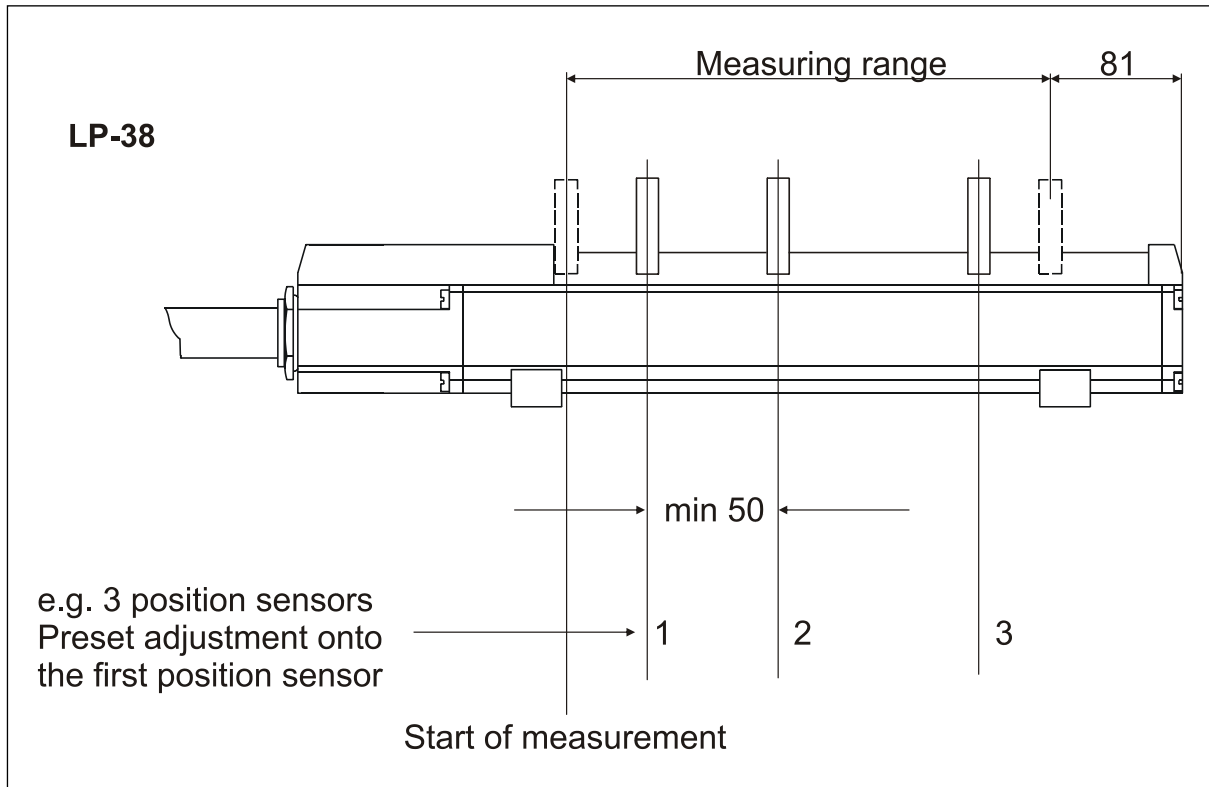
3 Multi-Sensor - Technique

With the multi-sensor type the positions of max. 16 magnets can be detected. The minimum distance between two magnets must be 50 mm.

With the I/O Poll Command the magnet (0 – 15) at which the position have to be read is addressed in the output byte.

The Respond Message contains the position of the addressed magnet.

Principle



4 DeviceNet™ information

DeviceNet™ was developed by Rockwell Automation and the ODVA™ as an open field bus standard, based on the CAN protocol and is standardized in the European standard EN 50325. Specification and maintenance of the DeviceNet standard is regulated by the ODVA™. DeviceNet™, along with ControlNet™ and EtherNet/IP™, belongs to the family of CIP™-based networks. The CIP™ (Common Industrial Protocol) forms a common application layer for these 3 industrial networks. DeviceNet™, ControlNet™ and Ethernet/IP™ are therefore well matched to one another and present the user with a graduated communication system for the physical layer (Ethernet/IP™), cell layer (ControlNet™) and field layer (DeviceNet™). DeviceNet™ is an object-oriented bus system and works according to the producer/consumer model.

DeviceNet™ Protocol

The DeviceNet™ protocol is an object-oriented protocol. It is typically used for networking sensors and actuators with the superordinate automation devices (PLC, IPC).

DeviceNet™ Data Link Layer

Layer 2 (Data Link Layer) is based on the Controller Area Network (CAN), which was originally designed for use in motor vehicles.

DeviceNet™ Network and Data Transport Layer

The link is set up with the Group 2 Unconnected Port. Selected CAN identifiers are used for the link set-up. A link, once set up, can be used for transmitting explicit messages or for setting up additional I/O links. As soon as an I/O link has been set up, I/O data can be exchanged between the DeviceNet™ users. The 11 bit identifier is used exclusively for coding I/O data. The 8-byte wide CAN data field is fully available for user data.

DeviceNet™ Application Layer – CIP™ Protocol

The CIP™ (Common Industrial Protocol) forms the application layer for DeviceNet™. The CIP™ defines the exchange of I/O data in realtime via I/O messages (I/O messaging or implicit messaging), as well as the exchange of data required for configuration, diagnosis and management via explicit messages (explicit messaging). The communication between two devices always takes place according to a connection-oriented communication model, either via a point-to-point or a multicast-V1 connection. This allows both master/slave and multi-master systems to be realized. Data are known as objects and are logged in the object directory of each device.

Predefined Master-Slave Connection Set

The so-called "Predefined Master/Slave Connection Set" is used for the DeviceNet™ measuring system. This subset of the DeviceNet™ protocol simplifies the transmission of I/O data between an automation system (PLC) and the decentralized peripheral devices (slaves): Only "Group2 Messages" are supported, with the exception of "Group1 Message for Slave I/O Poll Response".

DeviceNet™ Device Profiles

Beyond the specification of the pure communication functions, DeviceNet™ also includes the definition of device profiles. These profiles define the respective device types for minimally available objects and communication functions. The device type number 08hex was defined for the DeviceNet™ measuring system.

Vendor ID

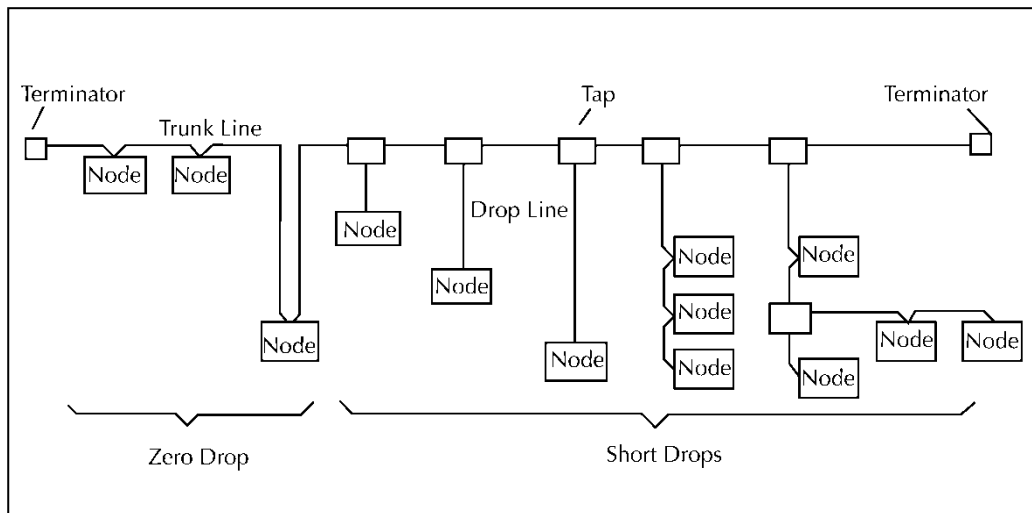
The vendor IDs (manufacturer's identifiers) are assigned and administrated by the ODVA™. The TR-Electronic vendor ID for DeviceNet™ is "134" (dec).

You can obtain further information on DeviceNet™ from the Open DeviceNet Vendor Association (ODVA) or the following Internet addresses:

<http://www.odva.org>
e-mail: <mailto:odva@odva.org>

5 Installation / Preparation for start-up

Up to 64 bus users can communicate with each other in a DeviceNet™ network with Baud rates of 125, 250 or 500 kbit/s. The DeviceNet™ cable provides both signals for CAN-L and CAN-H data transmission, as well as two lines for the 24 Volt operating voltage supply of the DeviceNet™ bus users. The maximum length of the DeviceNet™ cable is dependent on the type of cable selected and the Baud rate. Installation takes place in a bus topology – with or without taps – and terminators at both ends. The terminators have a resistance value of 120 Ohm.



Bus lines

The bus lines for the DeviceNet™ system are laid down in the DeviceNet™ specification. According to this specification, the maximum extent of a DeviceNet™ system is dependent on the Baud rate:

Cable length	125 kbit/s	250 kbit/s	500 kbit/s
Total length with thick cable	500 m	250 m	100 m
Total length with thin cable	100 m	100 m	100 m
Max. drop line length	6 m	6 m	6 m
Max. length of all drop lines	156 m	78 m	39 m



The DeviceNet™-specification and other applicable standards and guidelines are to be observed to insure safe and stable operation.

In particular, the applicable EMC directive and the shielding and grounding guidelines must be observed!

5.1 Connection

The pin assignments with view onto the switches are attached in the rear of this document.



For the supply shielded cables with twisted core pairs with min. 0.5 mm² have to be used !

5.2 Bus termination

If the measuring system is the last slave in the CAN segment, the bus is to be terminated with an external bus terminal resistance of 120 ohms.

5.3 Identifier (MAC-ID)

The identifier (measuring system address) 0 – 63 is adjusted via rotary switches. The adjusted address may be assigned only once in the CAN bus.

5.4 Baud rate

The baud rate is adjusted via rotary switches.

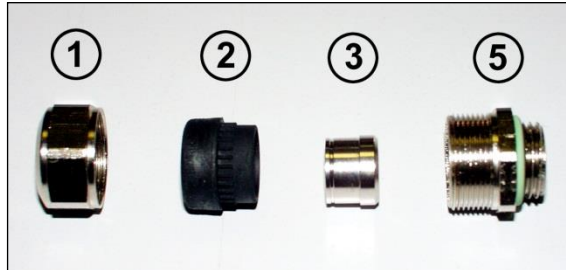
Following baud rates are possible:

- 125 kbit/s
- 250 kbit/s
- 500 kbit/s

5.5 Shield cover

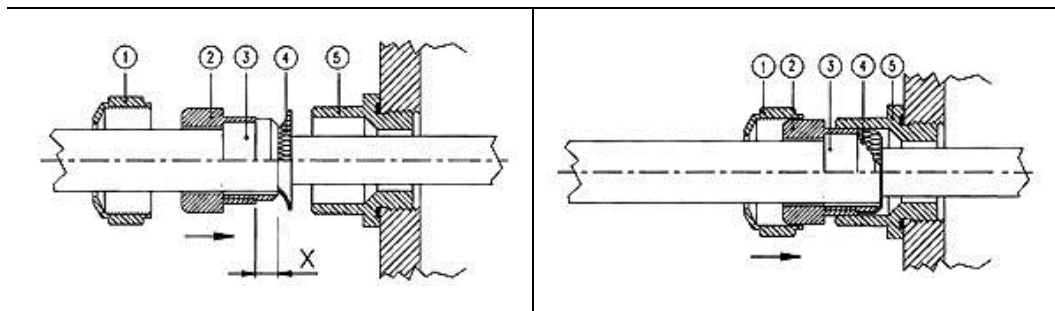
The shield cover is connected with a special EMC cable gland, whereby the cable shielding is fitted on the inside.

Cable gland assembly, variant A

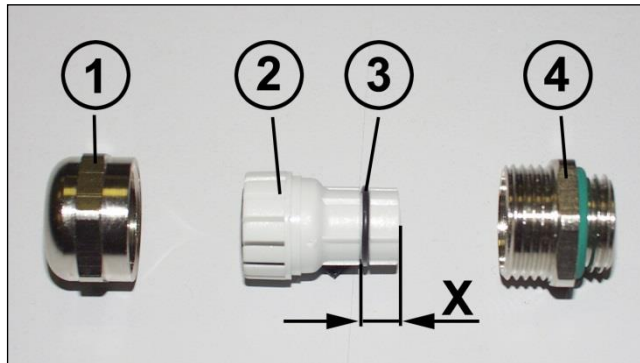


- Pos. 1 Nut
- Pos. 2 Seal
- Pos. 3 Contact bush
- Pos. 5 Screw socket

1. Cut shield braid / shield foil back to **dimension "X"**.
2. Slide the nut (1) and seal / contact bush (2) + (3) over the cable.
3. Bend the shield braiding / shield foil to 90° (4).
4. Slide seal / contact bush (2) + (3) up to the shield braiding / shield foil.
5. Assemble screw socket (5) on the housing.
6. Push seal / contact bush (2) + (3) flush into the screw socket (5).
7. Screw the nut (1) to the screw socket (5).

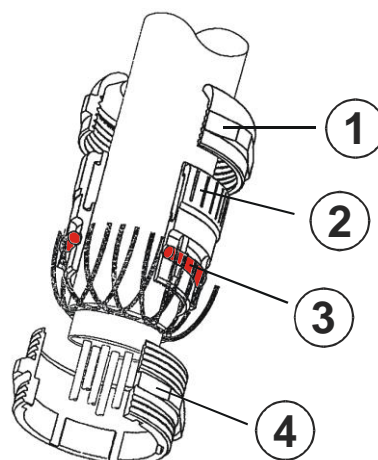


Cable gland assembly, variant B



- Pos. 1 Nut
- Pos. 2 Clamping ring
- Pos. 3 Inner O-ring
- Pos. 4 Screw socket

1. Cut shield braid / shield foil back to dimension "**X**" + 2mm.
2. Slide the nut (1) and clamping ring (2) over the cable.
3. Bend the shield braiding / shield foil to approx. 90°.
4. Push clamping ring (2) up to the shield braid / shield foil and wrap the braiding back around the clamping ring (2), such that the braiding goes around the inner O-ring (3), and is not above the cylindrical part or the torque supports.
5. Assemble screw socket (4) on the housing.
6. Insert the clamping ring (2) in the screw socket (4) such that the torque supports fit in the slots in the screw socket (4).
7. Screw the nut (1) to the screw socket (4).



6 Commissioning

6.1 CAN interface

The CAN field bus interface (separated via optoelectronics with CAN-BUS-Driver PCA82C250T) in the measuring system is determined according to the international standard ISO/DIS 11898 and covers the two lower layers of the ISO/OSI reference module.

The transformation of measuring system information into the CAN protocol occurs by the protocol chip SJA1000. The function of the protocol chip is monitored by a watchdog.

The **PREDEFINED MASTER/SLAVE CONNECTION SET** is used for the measuring system who only works as a slave. It will be used only the **Group 2 Messages** with the exception of the **Group 1 Message For Slave I/O Poll Response**.

Establishing or breakdown of a connection must occur via **Group 2 Only Unconnected Explicit Request Message**.

The measuring system contains an **I/O Communication Port** and an **Explicit Message Communication Port**. The **I/O communication port** is used for polling the measuring system position and must be made accessible by setting the watchdog (after the I/O connection master/slave was set up before). Is the I/O port not retriggered (polled) punctually the connection is interrupted and the red LED flashes. The connection for the I/O port must be installed again.



During programming, data is exchanged between the measuring system and the master in binary form.

6.1.1 Bus status

● = ON ○ = OFF ⊙ = FLASHING	
○	Measuring system is not online - no DUP-MAC-ID test - Device may not be powered
● green	Online, with connections in the established state - Device is allocated to a master
⊙ green	DUP-MAC-ID test successful - No allocation to a master
⊙ red	Recoverable faults - I/O-connections are in the time-out state - Measuring system has not detected any magnet
● red	- Turn off system --> turn on system - Replace measuring system device

6.1.2 EDS file

The EDS (electronic datasheet) contains all information on the measuring system-specific parameters and the measuring system's operating modes. The EDS file is integrated using the DeviceNet™ network configuration tool to correctly configure or operate the measuring system. The EDS file has the file name "1.EDS".

Download:

- 258.COD: www.tr-electronic.com/f/TR-ELA-ID-MUL-0009

6.1.3 Messages

Following messages are supported by the measuring system:

I/O Poll Command / Respond Message

This message is sent directly by the master to the desired slave (point-to point). For every slave which is polled the master must send an own poll command message. As response on a Poll Command the slave sends back to the master the Poll Response I/O Message.

Explicit Response / Request Message

Explicit Request Messages are used for processing of WRITE/READ-attribute's. Explicit Response Messages contains the result of an Explicit Request Message Service.

Group 2 Only Unconnected Explicit Request Message

Group 2 Only Unconnected Explicit Request Message serves for the establishing or breakdown of connections for the Predefined Master/Slave Connection Set.

Duplicate MAC ID Check Message

After switch-on the measuring system it reports Duplicate MAC ID Messages.

6.1.4 Classes

The communication objects are divided into classes. The measuring system supports the following classes:

Object Class	Number of instances
01h: Identity	1
02h: Message Router	1
03h: DeviceNet	1
05h: Connection	2
04h: Assembly	1
0Fh: Parameter	6

6.1.5 I/O Instance (polled IO)

Input Instance

Number	Name
1	Position value

Input Data Format

Instance	Byte	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
1	0	Low Byte Position value							
	1	.							
	2	High Byte Position value							
	3	Magnet number = 0							
	4	Low Byte Position value							
	5	.							
	6	High Byte Position value							
	7	Magnet number = 1							
	.	.							
	.	.							
	.	.							
	.	.							
	60	Low Byte Position value							
	61	.							
	62	High Byte Position value							
	63	Magnet number = 15							

The number of used input bytes corresponds to the number of magnets multiplied with four.

7 Parameterization and configuration

7.1 Configuration Assembly Data Attribute Format

7.1.1 Assembly Object 04h

Instance	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Service
42	0	Direction								r/w
	1	Output Code								
	2	Low Byte				Total Number of Steps				
	to 5	High Byte				Total Number of Steps				

The ranges of values of the individual parameters are defined in chapter "Parameters / Range of values" starting from page 20.

7.2 Parameter Object Instances

7.2.1 Parameter Object 0Fh

Instance	Name	Data Type	Service	Attribute
1	Direction	USINT	r/w	1
2	Output Code	USINT	r/w	1
3	Total Number of Steps	UDINT	r/w	1
4	Read: Position / Write: Adjustment	UDINT	r/w	1
5	Number of Magnets	USINT	r/w	1
6	Software version	UDINT	ro	1

The ranges of values of the individual parameters are defined in chapter "Parameters / Range of values" starting from page 20.

7.3 Parameters / Range of values

7.3.1 Direction

Instance	Service	Value	Description	Default
1	r/w	= 0	increasing position values to the rod end	X
		≠ 0	decreasing position values to the rod end	

7.3.2 Output Code

Instance	Service	Value	Description	Default
2	r/w	= 0	Binary code	X
		≠ 0	Gray code	

7.3.3 Total Number of Steps

Instance 3, r/w

Defines the **Total number of steps** of the measuring system related to the measuring length and corresponds to the resolution.

lower limit	15 steps
upper limit	16 777 215 steps (24 bit)
default	15

Standard value:

The given measuring length on the rating plate multiplied with 100 corresponding to the resolution of 0.01 mm.

$$\text{Measuring length in steps} = \frac{\text{Measuring length}}{\text{Resolution in mm}}$$

7.3.4 Adjust Absolute Value

⚠ WARNING

NOTICE

Danger of physical injury and damage to property due to an actual value jump during execution of the adjustment function!

- The adjustment function should only be executed when the measuring system is stationary, or the resulting actual value jump must be permitted by both the program and the application!

Instance 4, r/w

With the adjustment function, the measuring system is set to the desired absolute position value. The adjustment is executed with the first magnet. The positions of the other magnets refer to the position of the first magnet.

Is the adjustment performed via the "Parameter Class", the required position value is set with the "SET-service" and can read as position value with the "GET-service".

$0 \leq \text{Adjustment} < \text{Total Number of Steps}$

7.3.5 Number of Magnets

Instance 5, r/w

Each entered magnet needs four input bytes.

lower limit	0
upper limit	16
default	0

8 Causes of faults and remedies

<i>Fault</i>	<i>Cause</i>	<i>Remedy</i>
Position skips of the measuring system	Strong vibrations	Vibrations, impacts and shocks, e.g. on presses must be avoided or the limit values must not be exceeded.
	Electrical faults EMC	Cables with twisted pair wires for data and supply must be used. Shielding and wire routing must be performed according to the DeviceNet™-specification.
	Scanning defect.	Replace measuring system.